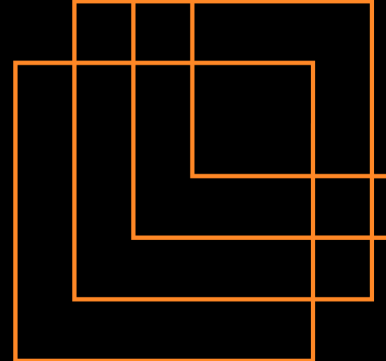




WEEKLY DIGEST

VULNERABILITIES

Reporting Period – 28 JUNE – 04 JULY 2026

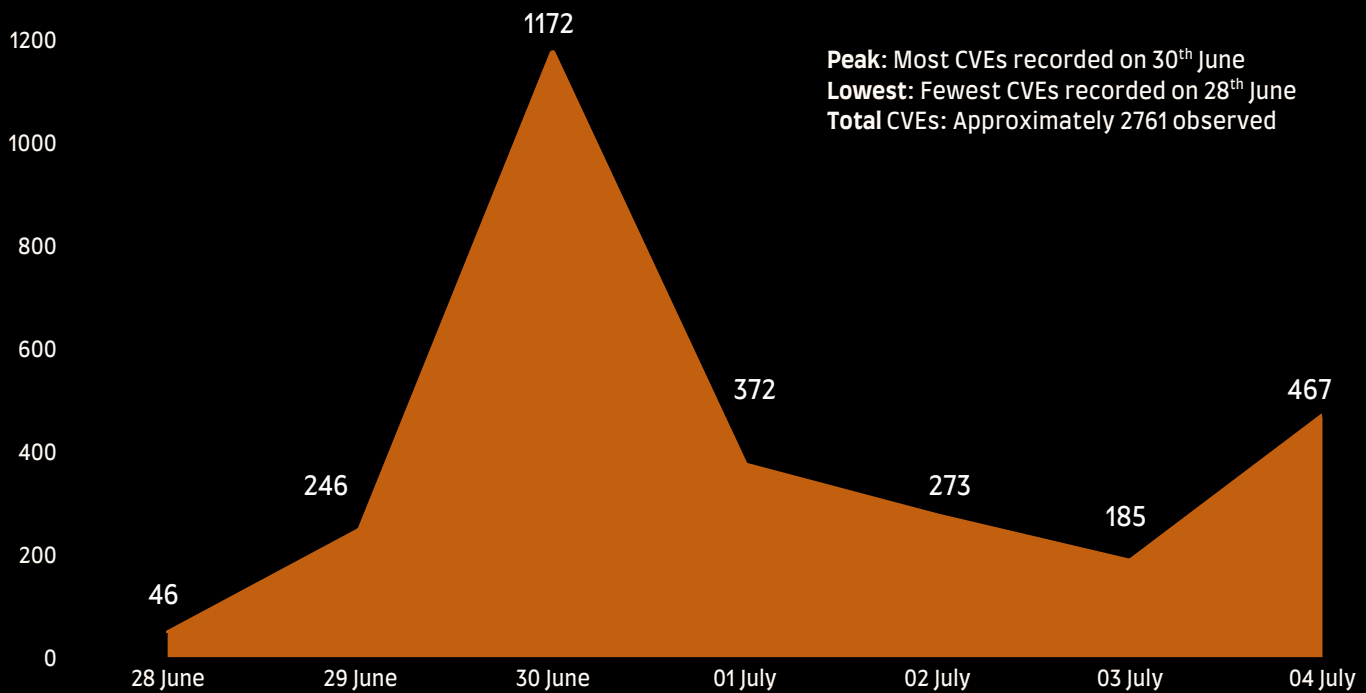


EUROPEAN UNION
VULNERABILITY
DATABASE



America's Cyber Defense Agency
NATIONAL COORDINATOR FOR CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY AND RESILIENCE

Number of CVE this week



Top CVE this week

CVE ID	CVSS Score	Severity
CVE-2025-15379	10.0	Critical
CVE-2026-48286	10.0	Critical
CVE-2026-56415	10.0	Critical
CVE-2026-50746	10.0	Critical
CVE-2026-56004	10.0	Critical
CVE-2026-13768	10.0	Critical

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

This week's top five vulnerabilities reveal critical software and network weaknesses, with some already actively exploited, requiring urgent remediation.



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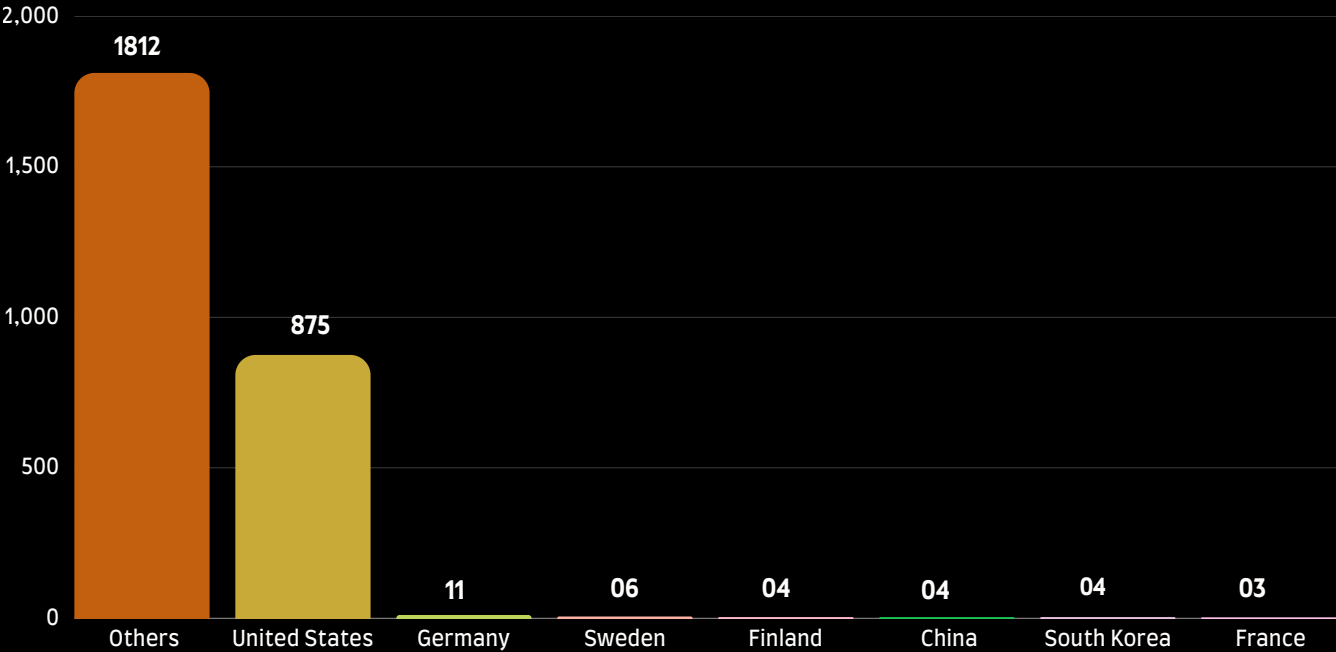


reach@castellumlabs.com



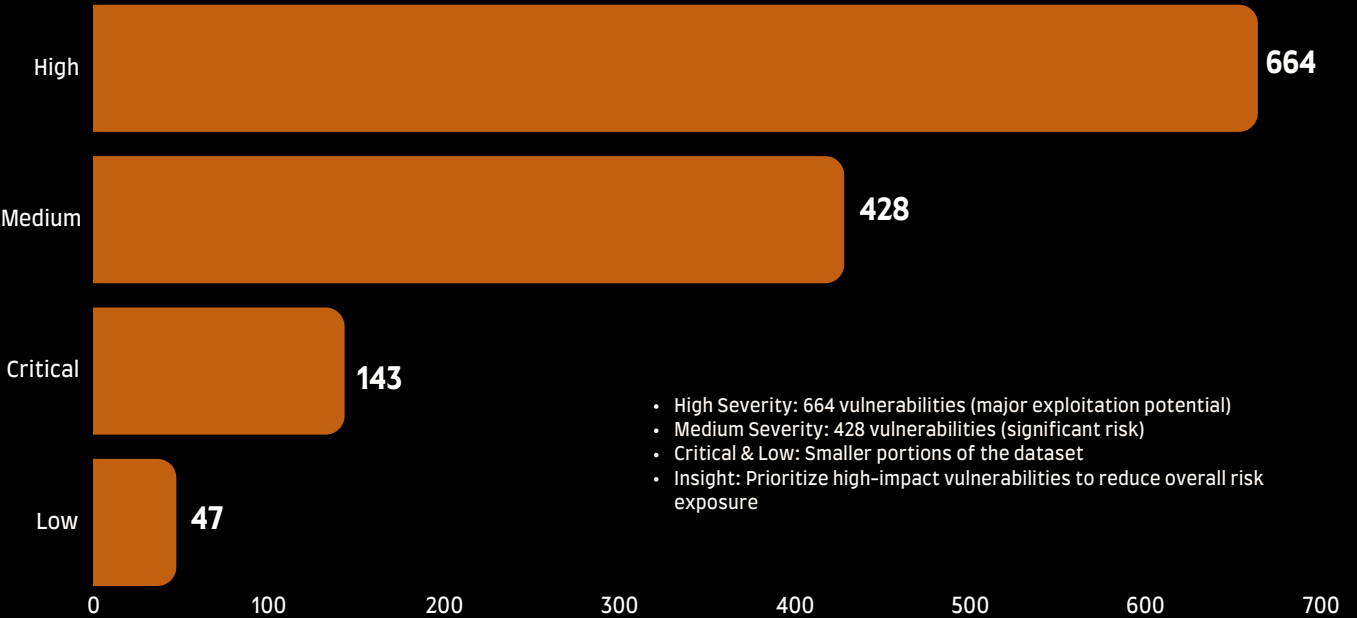
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Top Affected Vendors



Analysis of CVE-affected vendors reveals that a majority fall under the “Others” category, suggesting a highly distributed global impact across multiple countries.

Severity Breakdown



Most CVEs (74.4%) have fixes available, but 25.6% remain unpatched, emphasizing the ongoing risk and the importance of timely patching.

CVE-2025-15379

Overview

A critical vulnerability has been identified in MLflow that allows command injection during model deployment. An attacker can craft a malicious model artifact containing a manipulated `python_env.yaml` file, which may result in arbitrary operating system command execution when the model is deployed using `env_manager=LOCAL`.

Technical Details

The vulnerability exists in MLflow's `_install_model_dependencies_to_env()` function, which processes dependency specifications from the model artifact's `python_env.yaml` file. The dependency values are directly incorporated into a shell command without proper input sanitization. By supplying a malicious model artifact with crafted dependency entries, an attacker can inject arbitrary commands that execute on the host system during model deployment when `env_manager=LOCAL` is used.



Vendor: **MLflow**

Affected Product: **MLflow (mlflow/mlflow)**

Affected Versions: **Before 3.8.2 (including 3.8.0)**

- Published Date: **30-03-2026**
- Last Patch: **30-03-2026**
- Vulnerability Type: **Command Injection (CWE-77)**
- Fix Available: **Yes**
- Patched Version: **3.8.2**



Exploitaion Status

- Exploite Status : No Known Exploitation
- Threat Actors / Malware: None reported
- Exploit Availability: Public Technical Advisory Available

Reference: <https://huntr.com/bounties/dc9c1c20-7879-4050-87df-4d095fe5ca75>

CVE-2026-48286

Overview

A critical vulnerability has been identified in Adobe Campaign Classic (ACC) that allows arbitrary code execution due to an incorrect authorization flaw. An unauthenticated attacker can exploit this vulnerability over the network without requiring user interaction, potentially executing arbitrary code in the context of the current user.

Technical Details

The vulnerability is caused by an Incorrect Authorization (CWE-863) flaw in Adobe Campaign Classic. Improper authorization checks allow an unauthenticated remote attacker to perform unauthorized actions that can lead to arbitrary code execution in the context of the current user. Exploitation does not require user interaction and may impact additional components due to a scope change.



Vendor: **Adobe**
Affected Product: **Adobe Campaign Classic (ACC)**
Affected Versions: **7.4.3 build 9396 and earlier**

- Published Date: **30-06-2026**
- Last Patch: **30-06-2026**
- Vulnerability Type: **Incorrect Authorization (CWE-863)**
- Fix Available: **Yes**
- Patched Version: **Later than Adobe Campaign Classic 7.4.3 build 9396**



Exploitation Status

- Exploited in the Wild: No known exploitation
- Threat Actors / Malware: None reported
- Exploit Availability: Public technical advisory available

Reference: <https://helpx.adobe.com/security/products/campaign/apsb26-69.html> vendor-advisory

CVE-2026-56415

Overview

A critical vulnerability has been identified in StoneFly Storage Concentrator that allows unauthenticated remote command execution. An attacker can send a specially crafted HTTP request to a vulnerable debug script, resulting in arbitrary operating system command execution with root-level privileges on the underlying system.

Technical Details

The vulnerability exists in the debug.pl script of StoneFly Storage Concentrator, which is accessible without authentication. The script fails to properly sanitize user-supplied input before passing it to the operating system, allowing a remote attacker to inject arbitrary OS commands through a specially crafted HTTP request. Successful exploitation results in arbitrary command execution with root-level privileges, leading to complete system compromise.



Affected Product: **StoneFly Storage Concentrator (SC & SCVM)**
Affected Versions: **Before 8.0.4.22**
Vendor: **StoneFly**

- Published Date: **30-06-2026**
- Last Patch: **30-06-2026**
- Vulnerability Type : **OS Command Injection (CWE-78)**
- Fix Available: **Yes**
- Patched Version: **8.0.4.29**



Exploitation Status

- Exploited in the Wild: No known exploitation
- Threat Actors / Malware: None reported
- Exploit Availability: Public vendor advisory available

Reference:

https://github.com/cisagov/CSAF/blob/develop/csaf_files/OT/white/2026/icsa-26-181-06.json

CVE-2026-50746

Overview

A critical vulnerability has been identified in the UniFi Connect Application that allows command injection due to an improper access control flaw. A remote attacker with network access can exploit the vulnerability to execute arbitrary operating system commands on the host device, potentially leading to complete system compromise.

Technical Details

The vulnerability is caused by Improper Access Control (CWE-284) within the UniFi Connect Application. Insufficient access restrictions allow a malicious actor with network access to reach functionality that can be abused to perform command injection on the underlying host device. Successful exploitation enables arbitrary operating system command execution, compromising the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the affected system.



Affected Product: **UniFi Connect Application**
Affected Versions: **Before 3.4.20**
Vendor: **Ubiquiti Inc.**

- Published Date: **02-07-2026**
- Last Patch: **02-07-2026**
- Vulnerability Type: **Improper Access Control (CWE-284)**
- Fix Available: **Yes**
- Patched Version: **3.4.20**



Exploitation Status

- Exploited in the Wild: No known exploitation
- Threat Actors / Malware: None reported
- Exploit Availability: Public technical advisory available

Reference: <https://community.ui.com/releases/Security-Advisory-Bulletin-066-066/984eceb3-49c8-4227-942d-671c289b3afc>

CVE-2026-56004

Overview

A critical vulnerability has been identified in openSUSE Build Service (obs-service-tar_scm) that allows command injection through its Mercurial handler. An attacker who can supply a malicious _service file can execute arbitrary commands as the source service or the local user processing the malicious service configuration.

Technical Details

The vulnerability exists in the Mercurial handler of the obs-service-tar_scm source service due to improper neutralization of special characters before constructing shell commands. An attacker able to provide a crafted _service file can inject arbitrary shell commands, resulting in code execution with the privileges of the source service or the local user checking out the malicious service.



Affected Product: **openSUSE Build Service**

Affected Versions: **Before 0.12.4**

Vendor: **openSUSE**

- Published Date: **02-07-2026**
- Last Patch: **02-07-2026**
- Vulnerability Type: **OS Command Injection (CWE-78)**
- Fix Available: **Yes**
- Patched Version: **0.12.4**



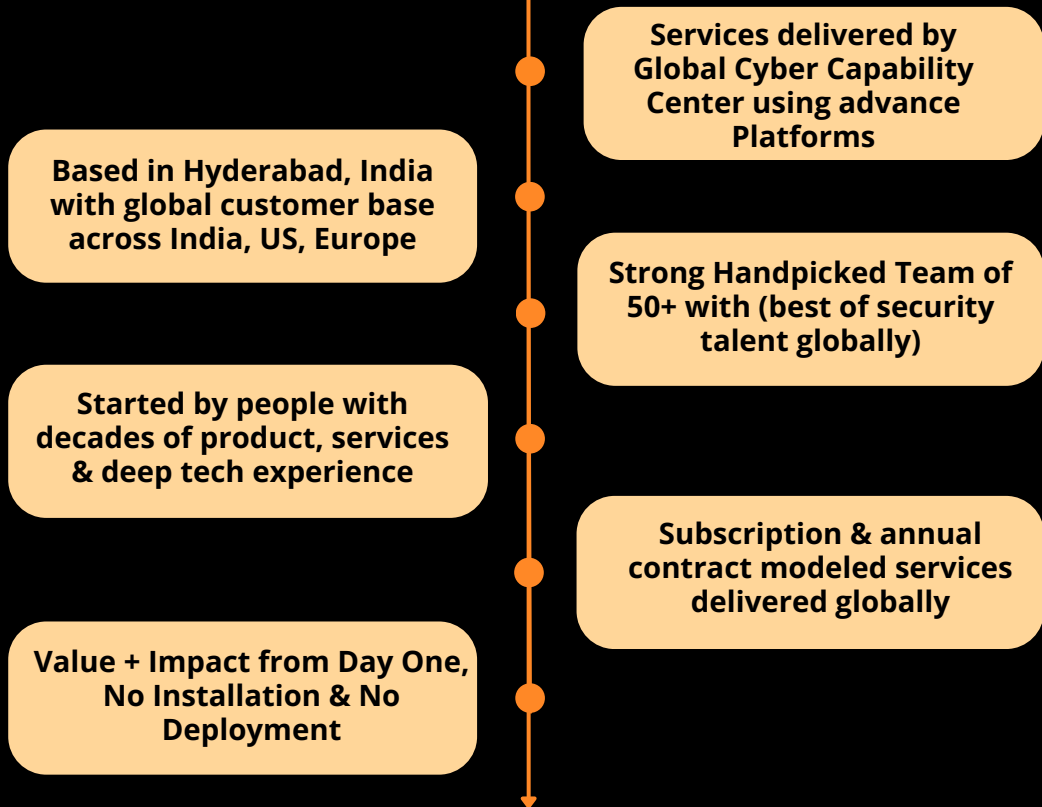
Exploitation Status

- Exploited in the Wild: No Known Exploited
- Threat Actors / Malware: None reported
- Exploit Availability: Technical advisories available

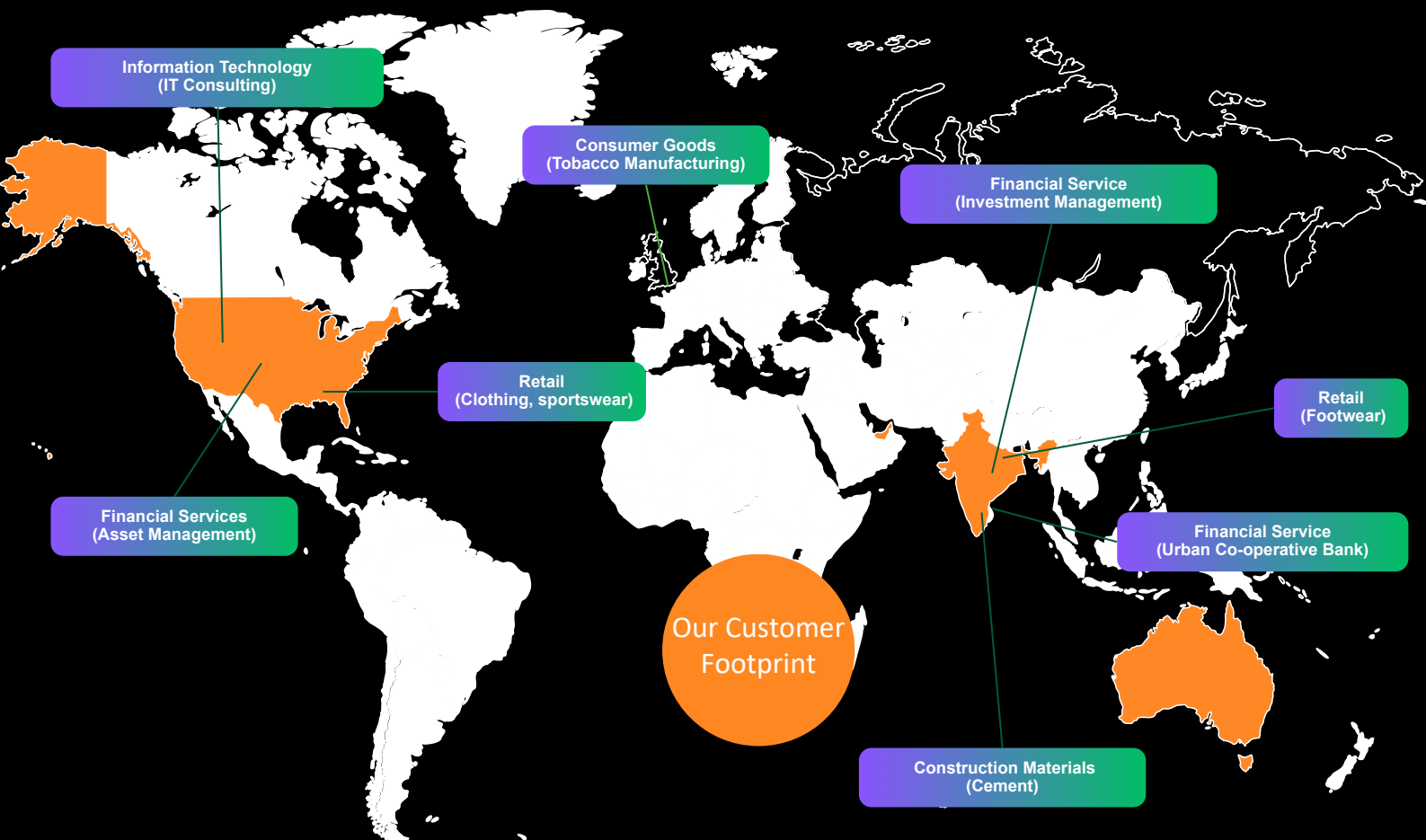
Reference:

https://github.com/openSUSE/obs-service-tar_scm/pull/552/changes/bcf29d318c671c45fe87dd9f995a4a0c78ecedd7

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Cloud Native Monitoring
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IR Workshops
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Forensic Services

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Controls & Config Audit
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Threat Intel for VAPT
DevSecOps

Program designed VAPT Engagement to enhance protection & reduce attack surface

Threat Intel

Threat Intel Solutions
Darkweb Hunting
Deep Intel Reports
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Intelligence Automations
Threat Intel Curation
Vectored Searches
Data Hunting
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Data Sec Posture Assmnt
Data Sec Posture Mgmt
Encryption Design & Sol
Data Exfiltration Assmnt
Privacy Designing
Privacy Gap Assessment
Privacy Adoption Service
Privacy Automations
Privacy Compliances

Data and privacy are two considerations, we design, implement it & run compliances



Unified View of Security ...

#1

Orchestration & Automation

Automated governance
SecOps automation
Automated response

#2

Attack Surface Reduction

Inline AS detection
External AS validation
Continuous remediation

#3

Real Time Detection & Response

Real time detection
Active threat hunting
Proactive responses

#4

Zero Trust Micro Architecture

Zoning and isolations
Contextual runtime set
Transient access model



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